



How to Win in High-Volume Manufacturing of Flexible/Printed Electronics

J. Kevin Cammack
kevin@solar-red.net
415-867-9065



Before Beginning

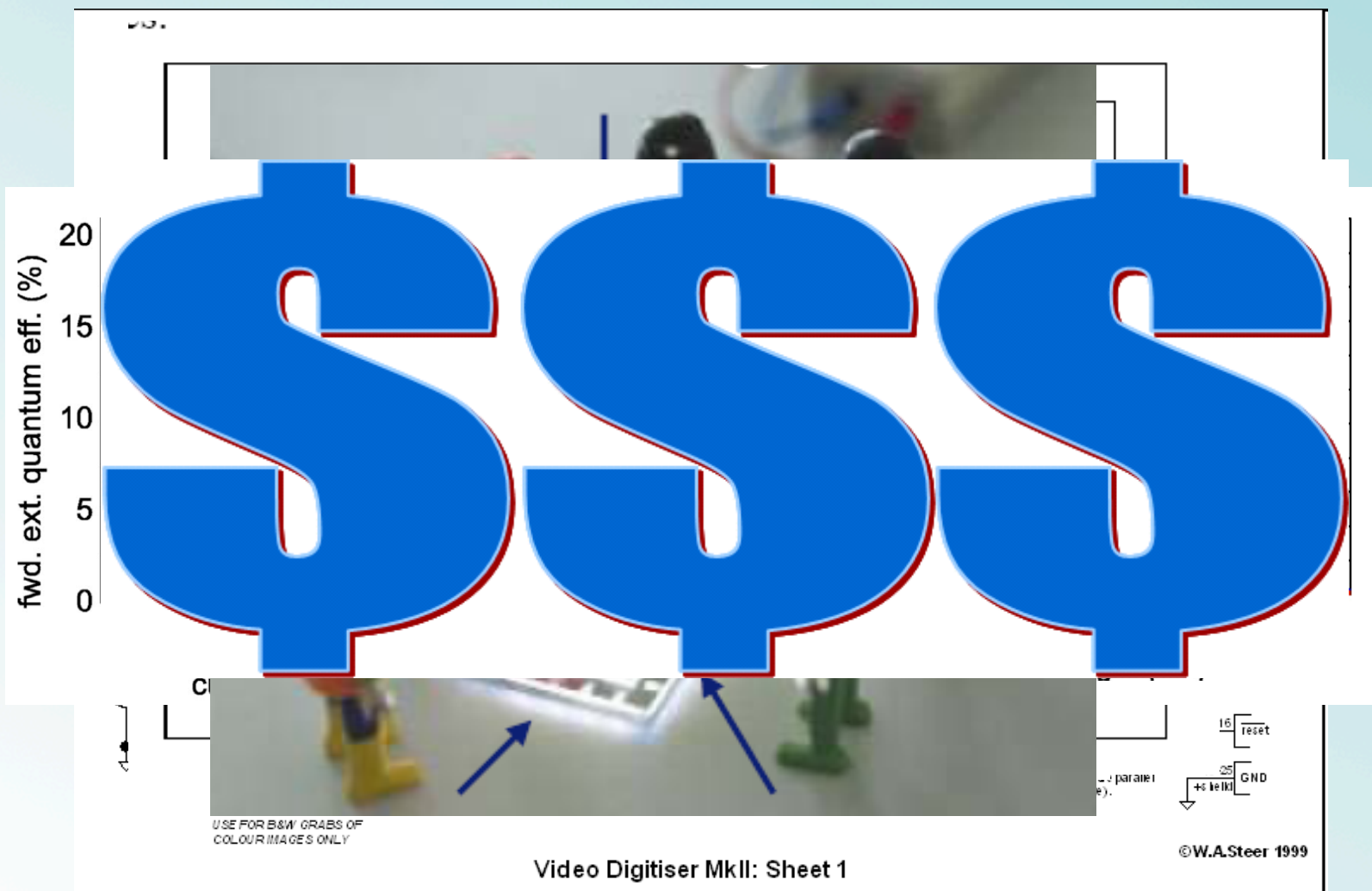
- Overview of nascent flexible/printed electronics industry and the opportunity space – Why we should be positive
- What to worry about (why other technologies will remain competitive)
- My background:
 - Research:
 - Nitto Denko: Materials for electronics and display applications, including OLED emitters, photorefractive polymers, compensating films, refreshable holographic display
 - Optically active and conducting polymers
 - Beyond the lab:
 - Sloan Fellowship at Stanford Business School, 2004-05
 - Assorted business development and marketing roles in startups in solar energy, biotech and quantitative marketing
 - FlexTech Alliance (Trade Association), Director, Tech. Marketing



Outline

- Brief technical bit
- Define the terminology
- Demand and technology drivers
- Attention-getting markets
- Market predictions and opportunities
 - Drivers
 - A case study on market growth
- Satellite views on technology development

The Technical Portion

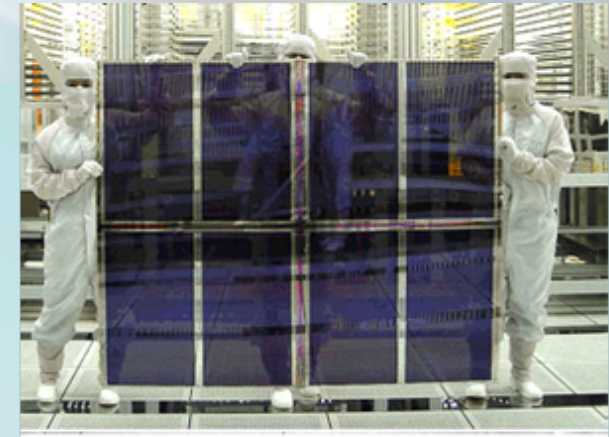
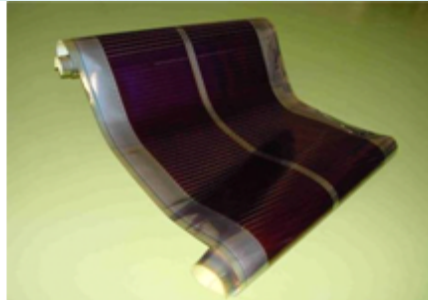


New Trends in Electronics

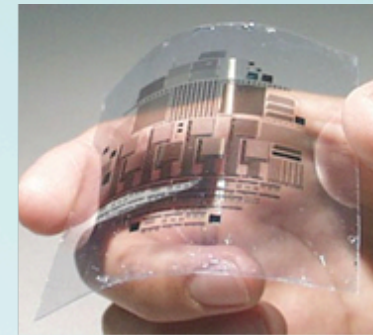
Electronics products are becoming larger
– no longer just “micro” or “nano”

Performance requirements (ruggedness,
low-weight, power savings, shape)
demand that products be flexible and
deformable

**Flexible solar cells on
ultra-thin steel foil
(Energy Conversion Devices)**



**Millions of transistors made
on glass surface to control
display pixels**



**Transistors on plastic
transparent substrate
(Penn State University)**


Flexible & Printed Electronics

“More or Less than Moore”

- A departure from self-fulfilling focus on transistor density (\uparrow performance, \downarrow unit cost)
- Focus on enabling appropriate functionality at low cost



	Flexible & Printed	Silicon
Transistors	Thousands	Billions
Feature Sizes	10's of microns	10's of nm
Cost of Fab	\$ 5-200 M/fab	\$ 2-3 B/fab
Performance	Low	Hlgh

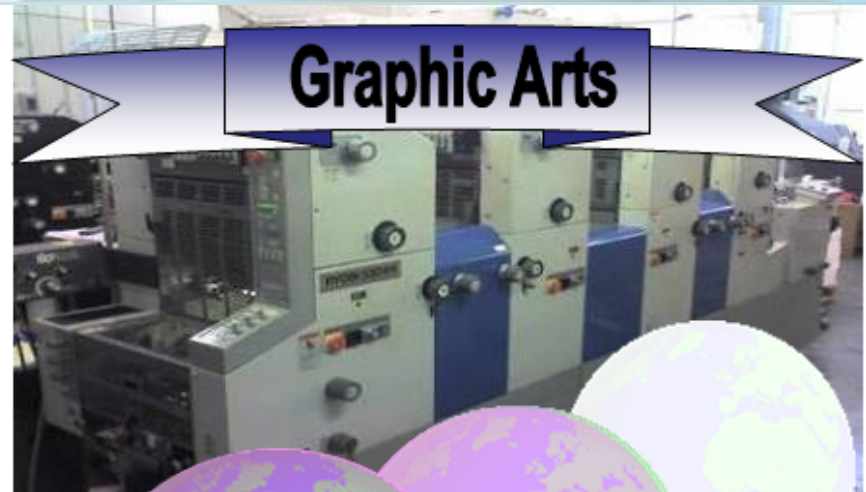


The Definition Problem With Flexible and Printed Electronics

Printed Electronics

A Convergence of Two Worlds

(manufacturing innovation – cost reduction)



Flexible Electronics *Enabling Ubiquitous Electronics* (feature innovation – value creation)



**Auto Heads-Up and Dash
Integrated Display**



Magazine with Integrated Display



Portable, Self-powered Command Center



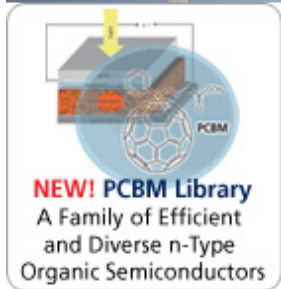
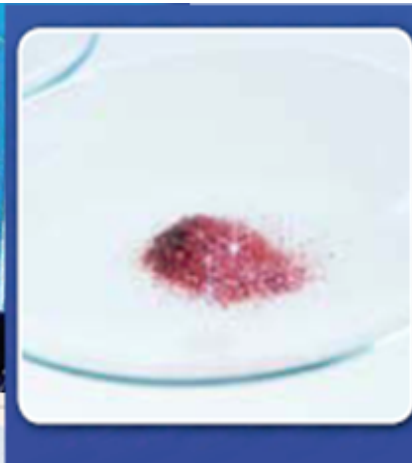
Warring Manufacturing Philosophies

Roll to Roll vs. discrete substrate

- All IC and Display manufacturing today is with discrete substrates
 - Glass substrates are extremely large
 - Batch processes, multiple steps, lots of thermal cycling
- Roll to Roll processing offers continuous flow of process
 - Can be modularized for different unit steps or integrated into complete line



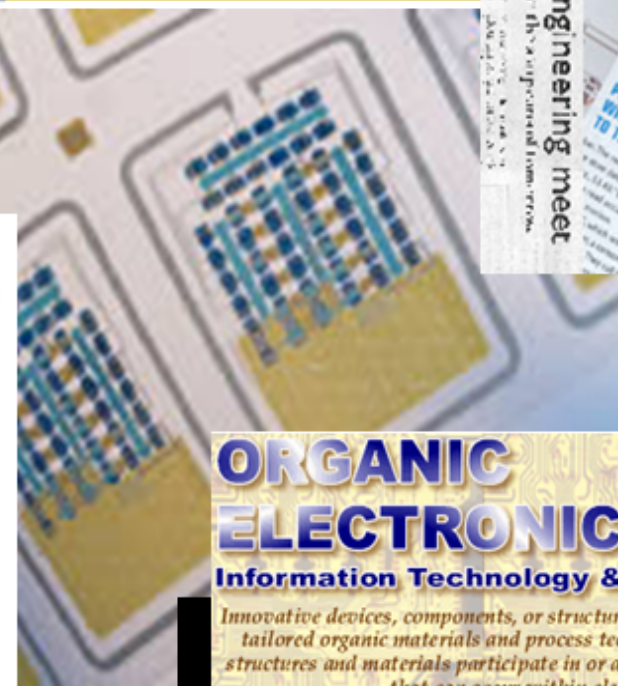
Opportunities in Flexible and Printed Electronics (Overview)



Where economics, engineering meet
printed electronics

Death to Barcodes

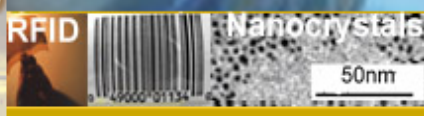
Printed electronics could replace barcodes as a way to track goods, says a report from the U.S. Department of Commerce. The report, titled 'Printed Electronics: A New Way to Track Goods', says that printed electronics could be used to create a 'smart label' that can be used to track goods from the factory to the consumer. The report also says that printed electronics could be used to create a 'smart label' that can be used to track goods from the factory to the consumer.



ORGANIC ELECTRONICS

Information Technology & Electronics

Innovative devices, components, or structures--either electrical or optical--that can occur within electrical or optical systems.



Demand Drivers

- Lower Cost
 - Bill of Goods
 - Mfg Complexity
 - Economies of Scale
- New Features/Usability
 - Flexible/Conformable
 - Thickness – new apps
 - Durability
 - Weight
 - Power budget



Flex/Printed Electronics Timeline

1ST GENERATION

Passive Components

- Capacitors, resistors, conductors, inductors
- RFID antenna



Circuit board with metal ink



RFID antenna



Passive PE display by Aveso

2ND GENERATION

Active Printed Components

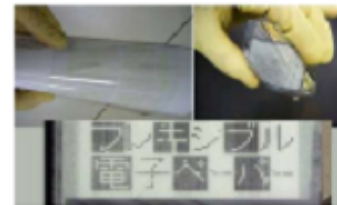
- TFTCs for ePaper, eBook
- Thin-film Solar Cell
- μ -Battery



Flexible Solar Cell by Sharp



TFT by inkjet / lithography combo Source: Epson news



Flexible TFT & e-paper Source: Toppan news



LTPS-TFT-Q-XGA

3RD GENERATION

Completely Printed Active Devices

- Color Display w/TFT- PLED
- Complete RFID circuit
- SRAM, CPU



RFID R2R



TFT-SRAM (16bits) Source: Epson news

Flexible/Printable Devices



Aveso display



TFE memory



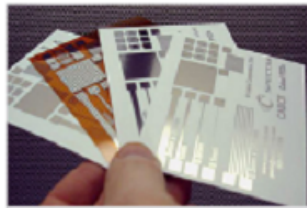
Siemens OLED



Precisia antenna



Plastic Logic i-ink



Dimatix circuit board



PolyIC integrated circuit



Dupond OLED



Power Paper battery



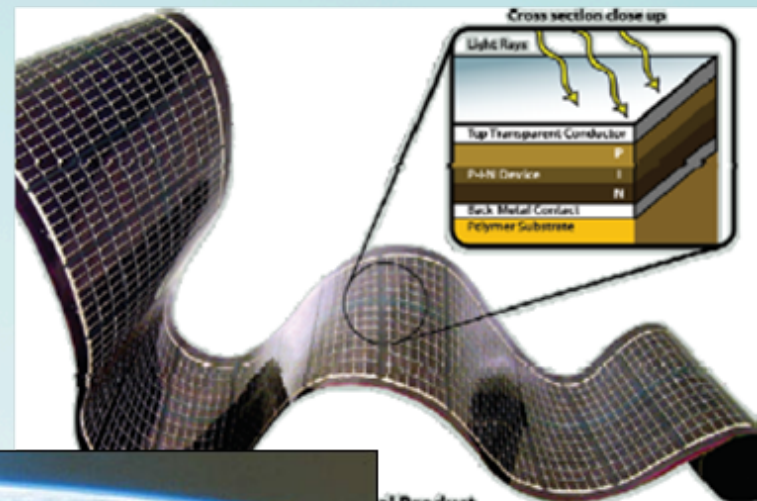
Konarka solar cell

Photovoltaics

PV Production Growth Rate: 60% y/y (and increasing)

Thin-film PV Growth Rate >100% y/y

Long-term literally hundreds of square kilometers(!) of devices



Flexible/Portable (OLED) Lighting



Portable Lighting



OSRAM-Mauer OLED Lamp



Flexible Digital Displays

Reflective **Bi-stable "zero power"**

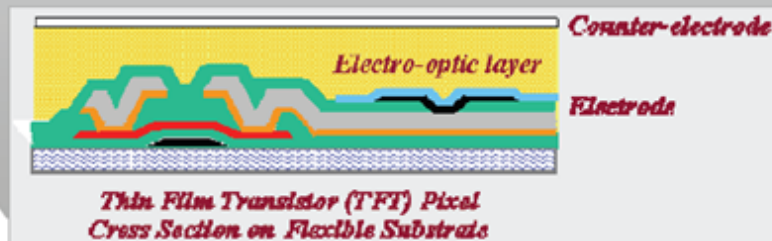
E·INK
Electrophoretic
Ink



KENT DISPLAYS
INCORPORATED
**Cholesteric
Liquid Crystal**



glass



Emissive **Efficient low power**



**UNIVERSAL DISPLAY
CORPORATION™**

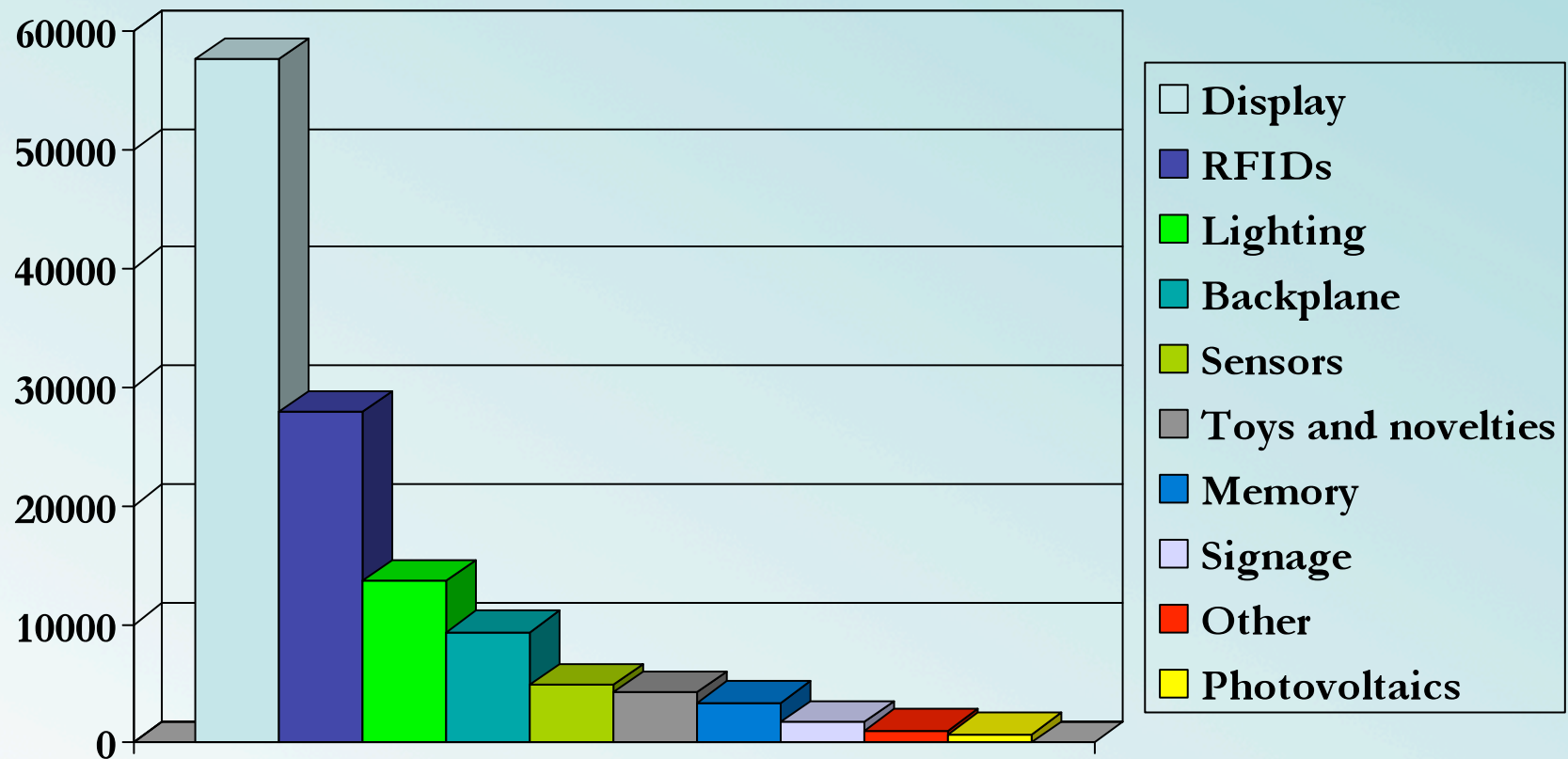
**Phosphorescent
OLED**

Flexible Displays in Product Packaging/Marketing

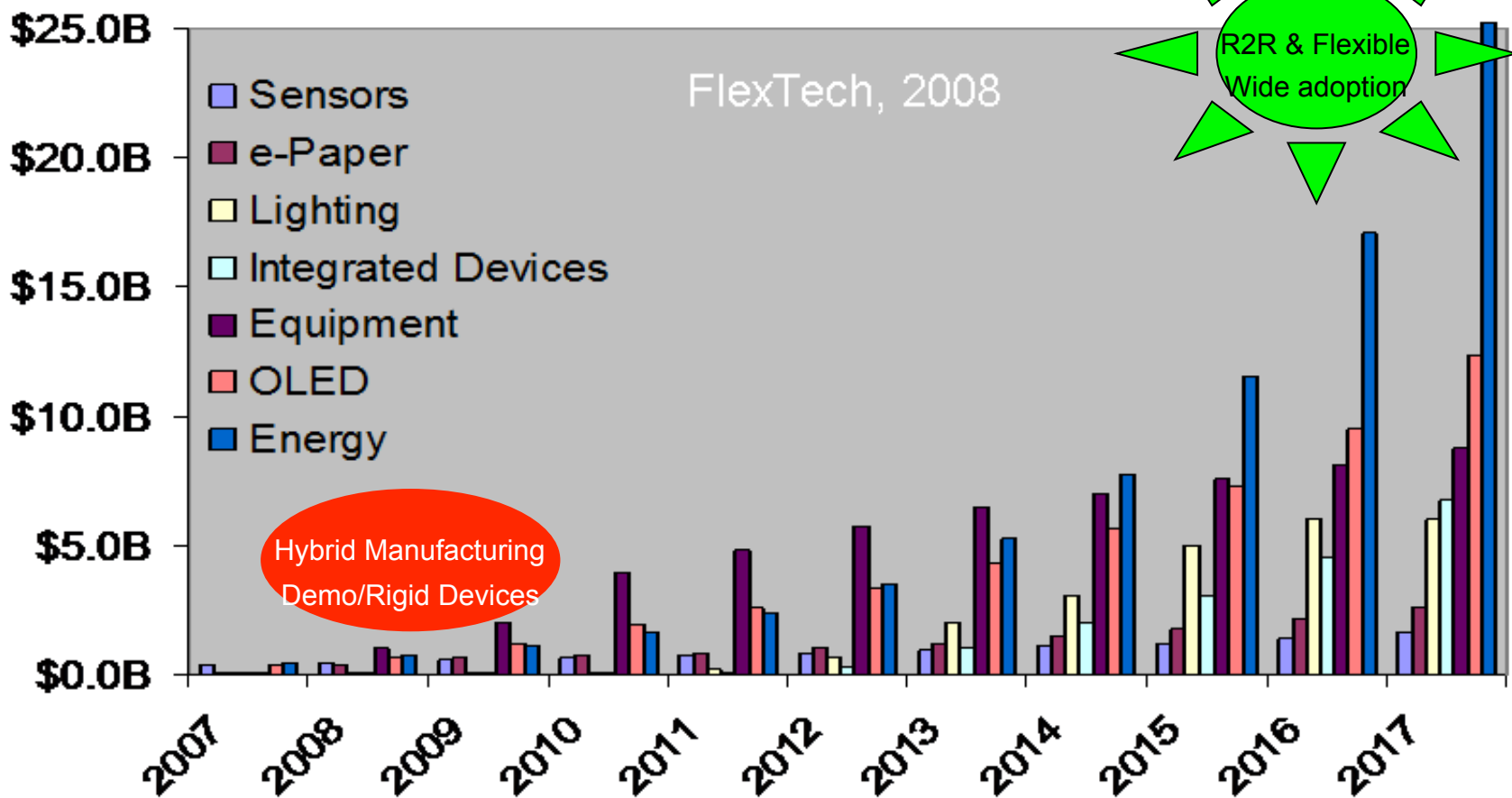
- Esquire October issue featured active display on newsstand editions



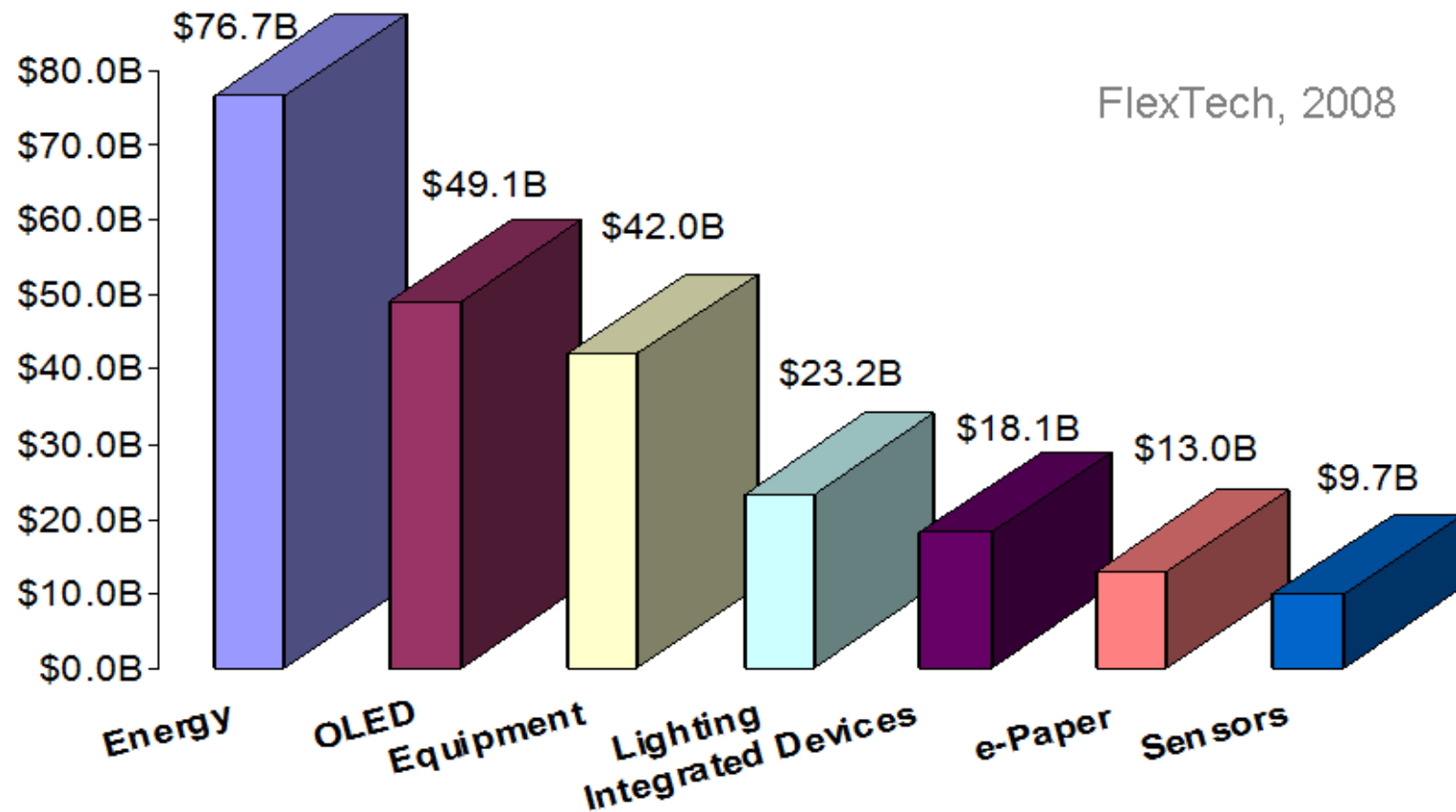
Typical “Kool-Aid” Prediction (2007-2014 Revenues by Market)



10 Year Prediction



Cumulative Revenues to 2017



Recent Venture Investments

Device Companies	Materials Companies
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Add-Vision• Konarka• Nanoident*• ORFID*• OrganicID *• Plastic Logic• E Ink• PolyIC*• Polymer Vision	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Kovio• Cambrios• Coled Technologies*• Novaled**• Nanogram• Plextronics• Vitex Systems• Sumation*• Nanosolar**

* size of investments have not been disclosed,

** could also be considered a device company

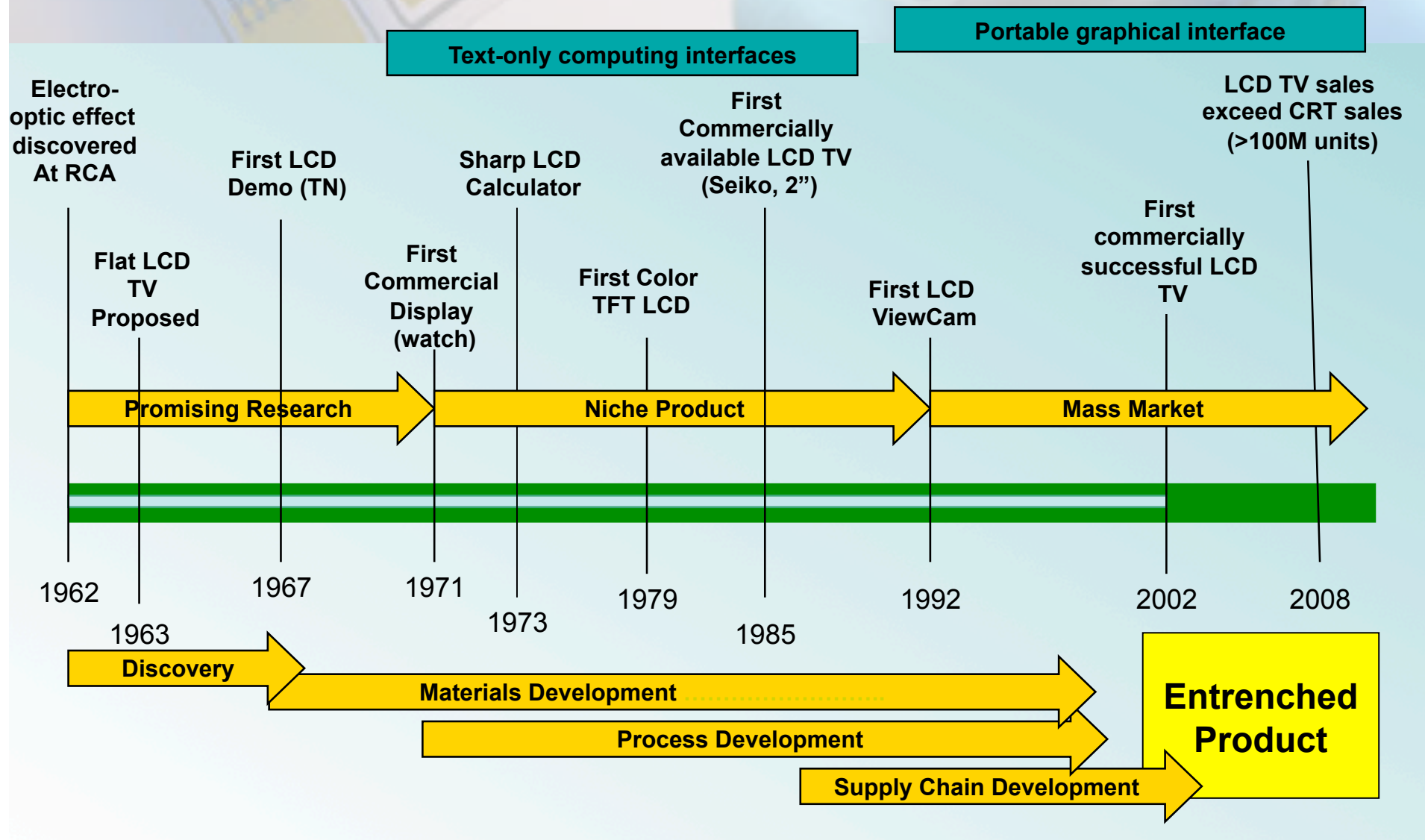
(cintelliq)



Notes on Venture Investments

- List is loaded - strong VC investment in production facilities (especially Europeans)
- Materials are perennial VC favorite
- More than 50 funded thin-film PV startups, at least 10 in excess of \$100M
- Display and Mfg investments are out of favor

LCDs – A Case Study



Strong Opportunity Areas



Sensors



Novelty/Toy



Medical



E-paper



Authentication



Wearable Electronics



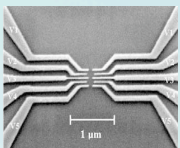
Product Packaging



What Makes Them Attractive

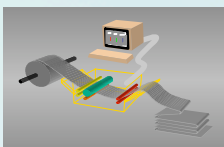
- Creates market rather than competing in existing market (no entrenched substitutes)
- Niche markets with mass market potential
- Electronics is a small part of product cost
- Solves a problem that can't be easily addressed by existing technology
- Fits into an existing supply chain

Technology Development Opportunities



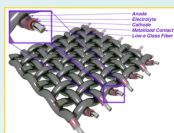
Materials

Barriers/Dielectrics
Conducting Inks
Flexible substrates



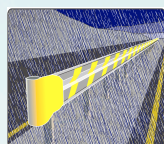
Processes

R2R Coating
Printing and Patterning
Registration/Inspection



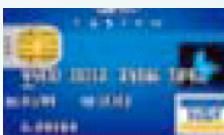
Devices/ Integration

Diodes
Sensors/Detectors
Thin-film transistors



Products

Smart Bandages & Clothing
Sensor Networks
Photovoltaics



Markets

Military – Information and Awareness
Medical – Monitoring and Implants
Energy – Storage and Harvest

Some Less Attractive, but Large, Markets

General Lighting



iLED + waveguide \equiv OLED

Display Replacements

- Cell phone
- TV





What Makes Them Unattractive

- Competes with existing commodity product
- Large existing production infrastructure
- Doesn't leverage existing production
- Solves a problem that can be addressed by existing technology

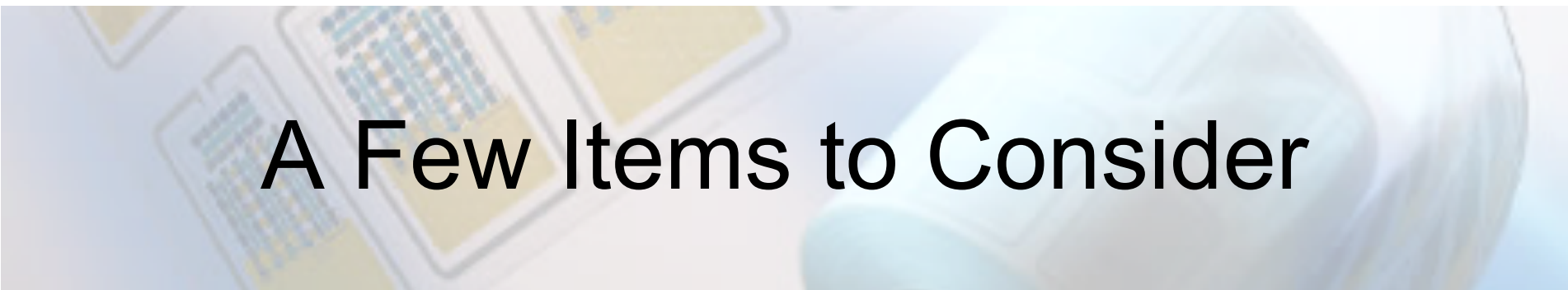
And By The Way

First Cost of Light for Various Sources in 2007

Light Source	2007 First Cost of Light
Incandescent Lamp (A19 60W)	\$ 0.30 per klm
Fluorescent Lamp (F32T8)	\$ 0.60 per klm
High-Intensity Discharge (250W MH)	\$ 2.00 per klm
Compact Fluorescent Lamp (13W)	\$ 3.50 per klm
ILED (1W Cool White)	\$ 25.00 per klm
OLED (2008, Osram-Mauer)	\$ 1,000,000.00 per klm

The background of the slide features a close-up, high-angle view of a microchip or circuit board. The chip is light-colored with several rectangular pads, each containing a grid of small, blue and yellow components. To the right of the chip, a portion of a white, curved lens or optical component is visible. The overall image has a soft, slightly blurred quality, giving it a futuristic or technological feel.

Picking a Technology Winner



A Few Items to Consider

- Beware of the Hype Curve
- Cost is not a meaningful technology driver
 - Except perhaps for disruptive technology
- The Market drives technology, not the other way around
 - Inherent physical limits on existing technology Aren't
 - Technology capabilities are predictable, even if the solutions are not
 - There is always a substitute for your solution

The Hype Curve





The Value of Cost

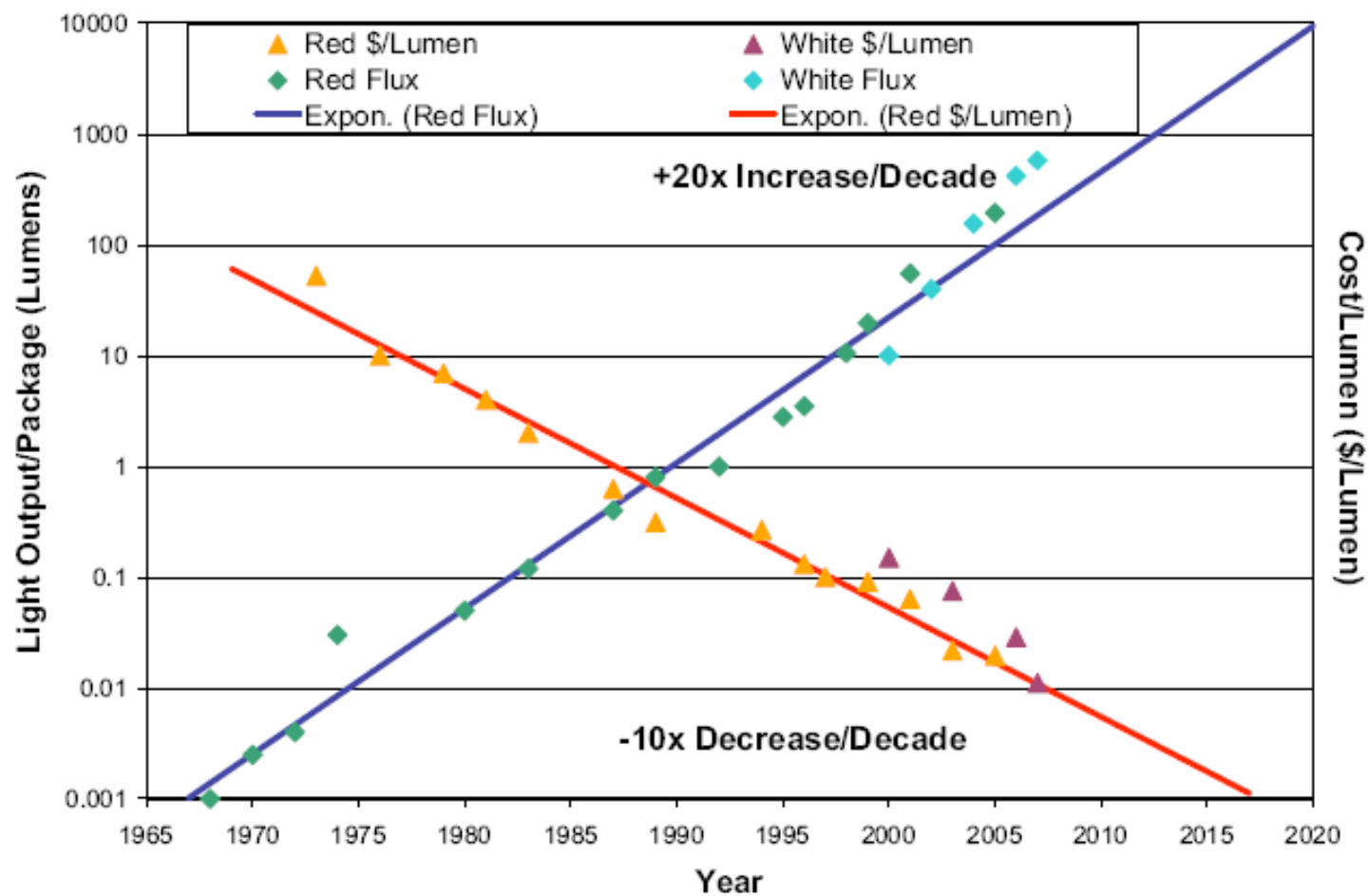
- Definition of “disruptive”: 10x more productive, or 10x less expensive than current technology
- Disruptive technologies:
 - Telephone
 - Telegraph
 - Radio
 - TV
 - Internet
 - Silicon microchip
- Printed Electronics is not a “disruptive” technology (although one could argue the case in medicine)



Predicting Technology Development

- Technology development is ruled by power laws
- Over long time periods change is smooth and predictable
- Remember that there is a lot of capital invested in entrenched technologies

Example LEDs – Haitz' Law



Example - Magnetic Storage

HARD DISK DRIVE DENSITY



1956 The 5-megabyte hard drive inaugurates the era of corporate data centers.

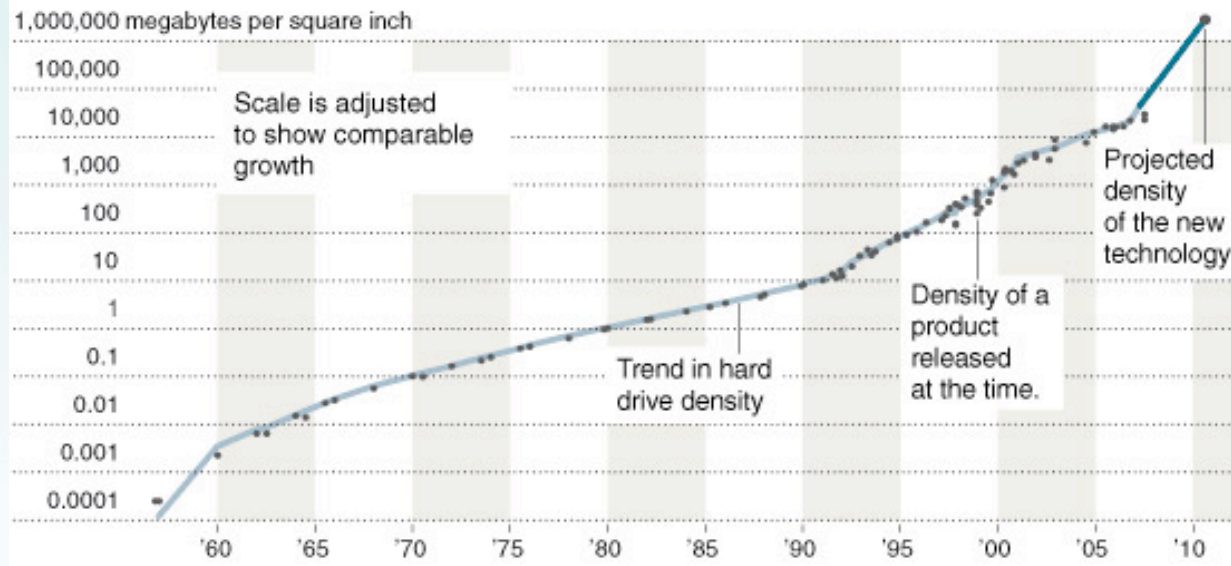
1980 Shrinking the hard drive to 5.25 inches allows production of desktop computers.



1988 The 3.5-inch hard drive is used in laptop computers.



2001 The 1.8-inch hard drive makes portable digital music players possible.



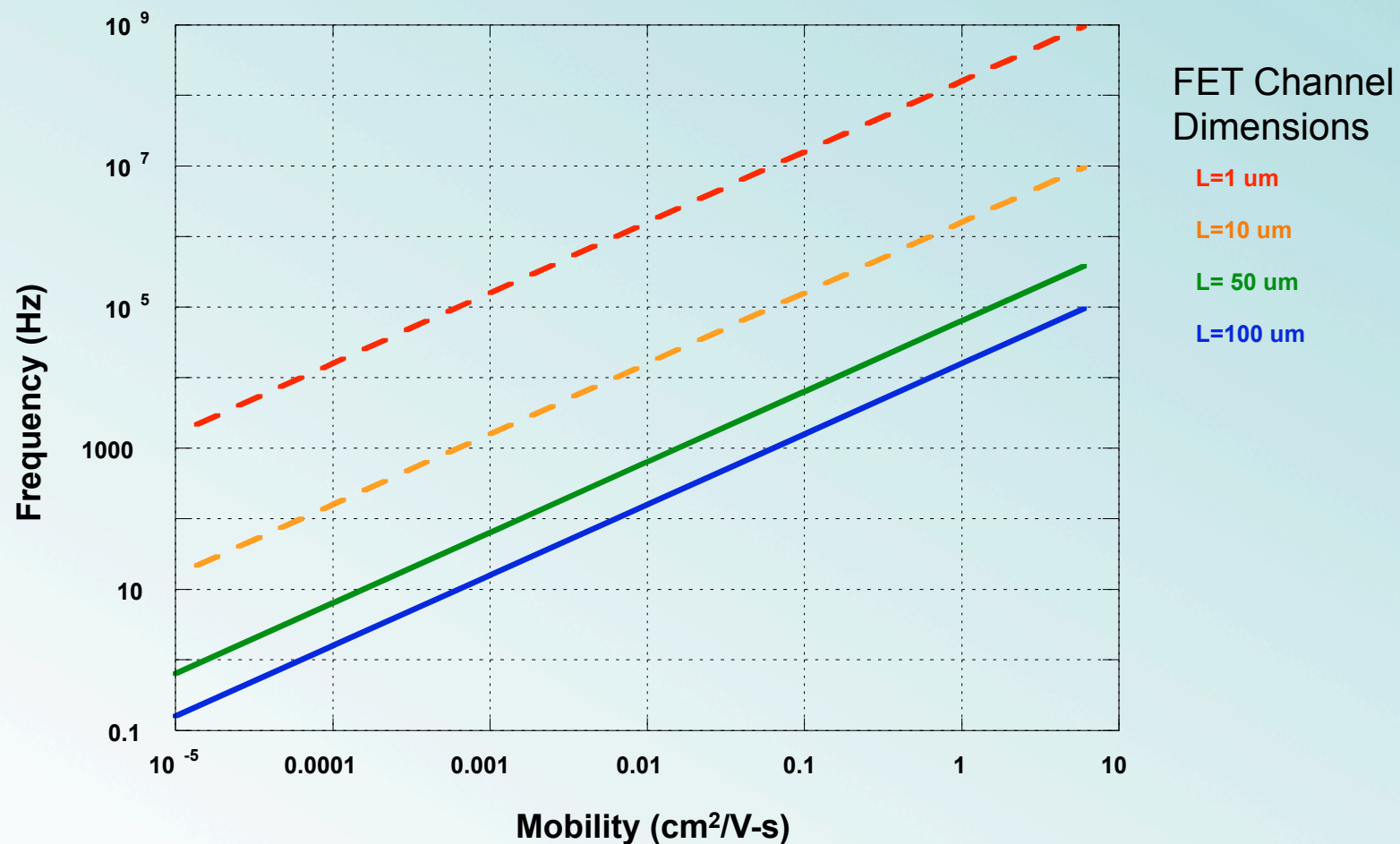
Sources: IBM

Magnetic disc technology reached “inherent physical limits” every 2-3 years starting in the mid 80’s

Every time, the problem was quickly overcome

Circuit Performance

Semi Ink Mobility vs. Device Features

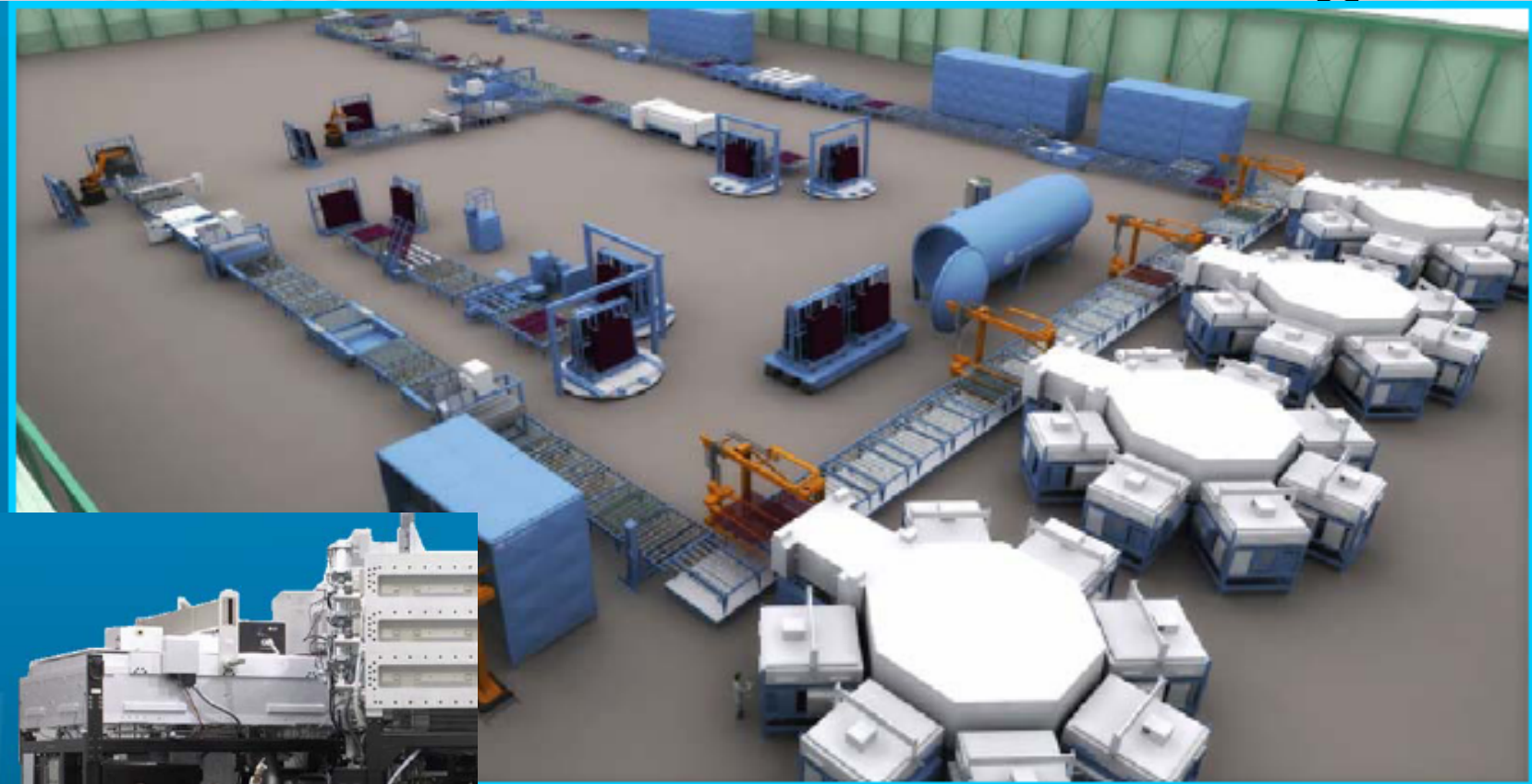


UniSolar Manufacturing Line

R2R Photovoltaic Deposition Line and Fabricated Roll



Off-the-shelf Volume Mfg



AKT SunFab

Thin-Film PV Enables Economies of Scale

AKT (AMAT) SunFab (example)

- a-Si PECVD, ~10k panel/month
- Gen 8.5 glass (5.7m² Modules)
- 55k m² of PV per month
- 40MWp annually ($\eta=9\%$)
- Fixed cost/Wp = \$1.75

Monthly Roll-to-Roll equivalent:
55km of 1m web (13 x 600mm rolls)

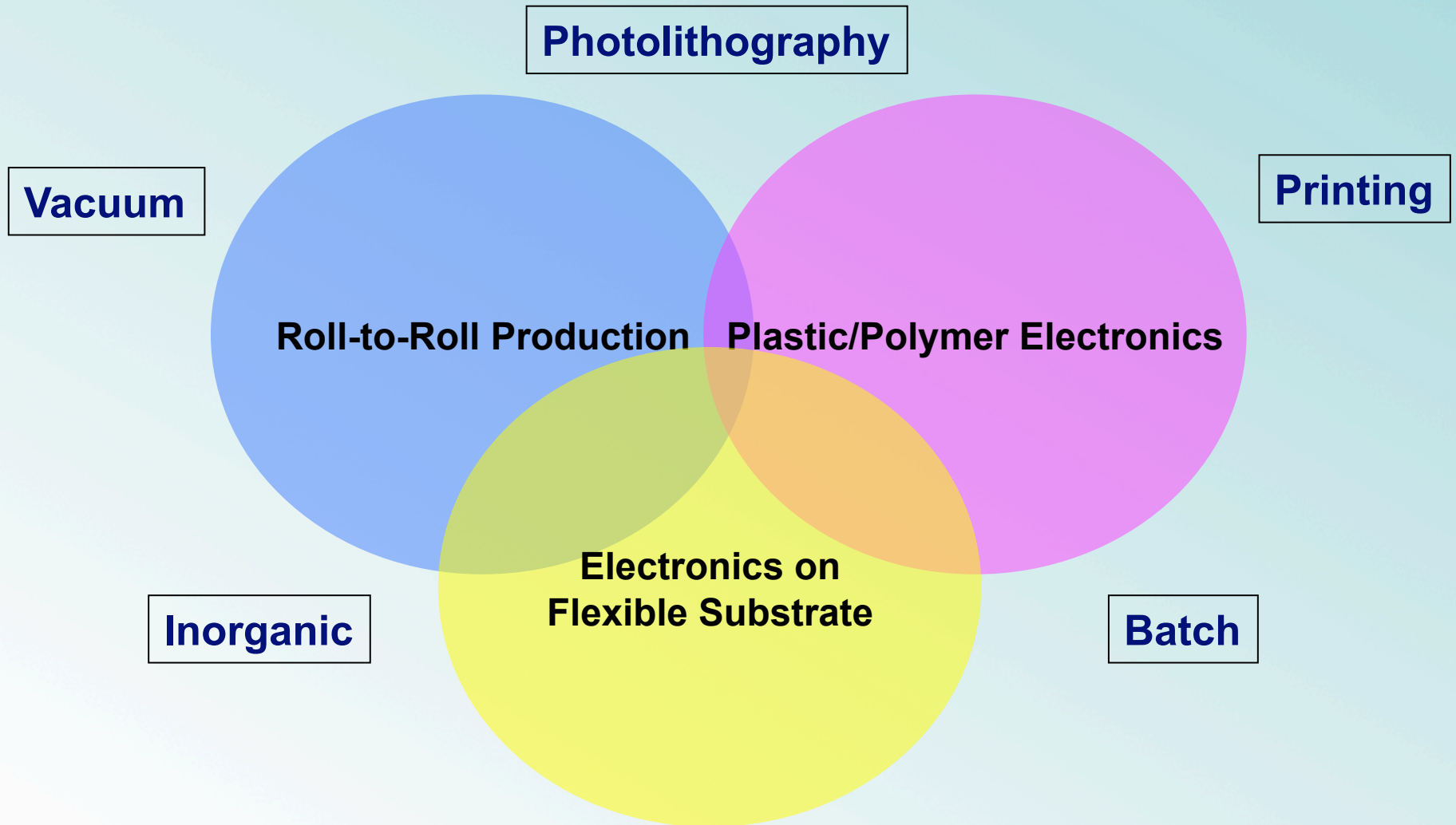
First production panels in 2h08



Image borrowed from AKT

Upshot

(Whatever your concept of F/P E, it's likely wrong)



The background image shows a close-up of flexible printed electronics. It features several rectangular circuit patterns on a light-colored, possibly polymer, substrate. Each pattern consists of a grid of small, blue and yellow square components, likely conductive inks or micro-components, arranged in a precise, repeating layout. The patterns are separated by thin, light-colored lines. The overall image has a soft, slightly blurred quality, emphasizing the intricate design of the printed circuits.

Funding Flexible/Printed Electronics Research

Directed Government Funding For Flex (2001-2013)

USA - \$193M

- NIST-ATP, \$12.2M
 - 2 Projects
- DARPA, \$15M
 - Mesoscopic Integrated Conformal Electronics
 - Flexible Emissive Displays
- Army, \$97.3M
 - FDC, Phase I
 - FDC, Phase II pending approval
- USDC, \$69.3M
 - 40+ cost-shared projects

EU - \$715M

- FP6, \$186M
 - Advanced displays
 - Flexidis
 - Micro/nano sub-systems
 - OLLA
- FP7, \$183M
 - Organic display systems
 - Organic Electronics
- BRD \$265M
 - Initiative Organic PV
 - OLED Initiative
 - Smart labels
- UK \$79M
 - CPI/CENAMPS

Investor Appetites

	Venture	Corporate	Gov't
<i>Market size (TAM) (min)</i>	~\$2B	\$200-500M	\$0 (Desired)
<i>Time to market (max)</i>	5-7 years	1-3 years	15 years
<i>Customer Base</i>	Diverse	Broader is better	Strategic
<i>IRR</i>	>40%	≥COC (typically 13-18%)	5-7%
<i>Market Dynamics</i>	Emergent + Strong Growth	Predictable Cash Flows	Need Driven



Summary

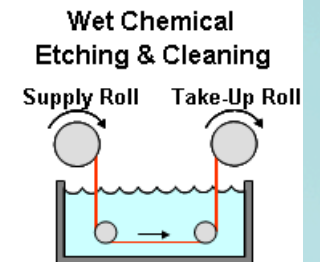
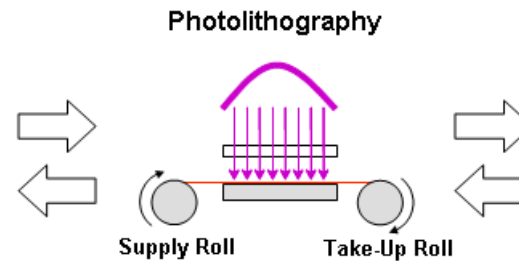
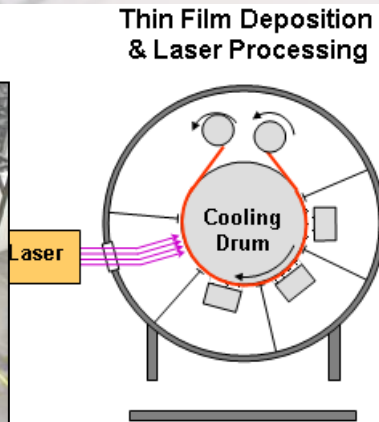
- Flexible/Printed electronics are in the marketplace (not just hype anymore)
- PV and displays drive near-term growth
 - Economy of scale catch-22
 - Enable new products in each category
- Hybrid production technologies will continue to open high margin markets
- Near-term volatility in emerging products



Contact Information

- J. Kevin Cammack, Ph.D.
 - Founder, Solar Red
 - kcammack@gmail.com
 - (415) 867-9065

From Hybrid to Roll-to-Roll



R2R can lead to reductions in cost.

R2R can enable new applications:

- Inexpensive displays

- Large area displays

- Low cost RFID

- Remote sensors for military and commercial

- “Smart” fabrics

- Large area lighting

